

Algebraic Geometry
Exercise Sheet 8

To be hand in on 13.12.2018

Exercise 1:

Let k be an algebraically closed field. Consider the following morphism:

$$f : X := \operatorname{Spec} k[x] \rightarrow Y := \operatorname{Spec} k[y]$$

which is induced by $y \mapsto x^2$.

- (i) Show that f is finite.
- (ii) Let $a \in Y$ be a closed point, show that the fiber

$$X_a := X \times_Y \operatorname{Spec} k(a) = \begin{cases} \operatorname{Spec} k[x]/(x^2) & \text{char}(k) = 2 \text{ or } a = (y) \\ \operatorname{Spec} k \times k & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} .$$

- (iii) Let $\eta \in Y$ be the generic point, describe the generic fiber $X_\eta := X \times_Y \operatorname{Spec} k(\eta)$.

Exercise 2:

Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a morphism of schemes.

- (i) If f is an open immersion, show that f is locally of finite type. Moreover, if Y is locally noetherian, show that f is of finite type.
- (ii) f is called *quasi-finite* if it is of finite type and $\forall y \in Y$, the fiber $X_y := X \times_Y \operatorname{Spec} k(y)$ is a finite set equipped with the discrete topology. Show that finite morphisms are quasi-finite.
- (iii) Find an example that f is quasi-finite but not finite.

Exercise 3: Let n be a positive integer. Consider the functor $F : \text{Schemes} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$:

$$X \mapsto \left\{ (f_1, \dots, f_n) \in \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)^{\oplus n} \mid X = \bigcup_{1 \leq i \leq n} X_{f_i} \right\} .$$

- (i) If $n = 1$, show that F is the functor: $X \mapsto \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)^\times$.
- (ii) Show that F is representable by $\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{Z}}^n \setminus V(x_1, \dots, x_n)$.
- (iii) For any ring R , show that:

$$F(\operatorname{Spec} R) = \{x \in R^{\oplus n} \setminus \{0\} \text{ such that } R^{\oplus n}/Rx \text{ is locally free}\} .$$

Exercise 4: Consider the following functor on Rings.

- (i) Show that the functor $F(R) = \{A \in \operatorname{Mat}_{2 \times 2}(R) \mid A^2 = 0\}$ is representable by a closed subscheme X of $\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{Z}}^4$.
- (ii) Show that the functor $G(R) = \{A \in \operatorname{Mat}_{2 \times 2}(R) \mid \det(A) = \operatorname{trace}(A) = 0\}$ is representable by a closed subscheme Y of X .
- (iii) Show that X is not reduced, but Y is a reduced closed subscheme of X with the same underlying topology.