LEBENSLAUF

PERSÖNLICHEN ANGABEN____

Vor – und Nachname: Pseudonym:	Stepan Douplii Steven Duplij (Степан Дуплий)
Geburtsdatum:	29.08.1954
Geburtsort:	Tschernyschewsk, Russland
Staatsangehörigkeit:	ukrainisch
Familienstand:	verheiratet mit EU-Bürgerin
Anschrift:	CIT, Universität Münster
	Röntgenstraße 7-13, 48149 Münster
Telefon:	0251 8331530
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Homepage:	https://www.uni-muenster.de/IT.StepanDouplii

AUSGEWÄHLTER BERUFLICHER WERDEGANG

2019 bis jetzt	Universität Münster (CIT) Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter am IT-Zentrum: Quantenberechnung und Quanteninformation
2016	Hochschule Bochum Lehrbeauftragte der Mathematik im Sommersemester 2016 Aufgabe: Vorlesung und Übung "Mathematik für Informatiker 2 und Matlab- Praktikum
2014 bis 2016	Westfälische Wilhelms-Universität Münster Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter am Fachbereich der Mathematik Forschung: Mathematik and theoreticsche Physik
1983 bis 2014	Kharkov National University, Charkiw, Ukraine Führender hochrangiger wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter beim Kernphysiklabor Forschung: Kernphysik, mathematische Physik, DNA Theorie
2011 bis 2012	Rutgers University, USA Fulbright-Stipendiat in der Mathematik Lehrer der Mathematik Forschung: mathematische Physik
2000 bis heute	CERN CMS-Kollaboration
1992 bis 1993	Kharkov State University, Charkiw, Ukraine Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter beim Astronomischen Observatorium
1978 bis 1983	Kharkov State University, Charkiw, Ukraine Halbzeit-Forscher beim Radiophysiklabor Forschung: Noise Theorie

AUSBILDUNG

2002	Erhalten des akademischen Status des hochrangigen
	wissenschaftlichen Mitarbeiters von der Höchsten
	Attestationskommission, Kiew, Ukraine
1999	Bogolyubov Institute of Theoretical Physics, Kiew, Ukraine
	Abschluss: Habilitation, Doktor der physikalisch-mathematischen
	Wissenschaften
1983	Promotionsschrift: "Theoretical Investigation of Hard Processes in QCD"
1978 bis 1982	Kharkov State University, Charkiw, Ukraine
	Postgraduales Studium der Theoretischen Physik
	Abschluss: Doktorgrad, Kandidat der physikalisch-mathematischen
	Wissenschaften
1974 bis 1978	Kharkov State University, Charkiw, Ukraine
	Studium der Theoretischen Kernphysik
Abschluss: Diplomgrad Univ., Physikingenieur, theoretische Kernphysik (sehr gut)	

Vollständige Liste von wissenschaftlichen Publikationen auf Anfrage verfügbar. Insgesamt: **193** Veröffentlichungen, darunter 9 Bücher und 184 Artikel. Darüber hinaus: **130** Einträge in der *Concise Encyclopedia of Supersymmetry*.

SUPERVISION

5 Studenten bekamen sehr gute M.Sc.-Abschlusse in der Theoretischen Physik 4 PhD-Studenten, 1 PhD-Dissertation verteidigt

QUALIFIKATIONEN UND KENNTNISSE

Programmierung: Perl, Mathematica, Maple, LaTeX, BibTeX, HTML
Betriebssysteme: MS-DOS, Windows, Unix, Linux
Software: Scientific WorkPlace, dBase, Adobe Produkte, Microsoft Office
Englisch (verhandlungssicher), Deutsch (konversationssicher, B1),
Russisch (Muttersprache), Ukrainisch (Muttersprache),
Italienisch (Grundkenntnisse)

MITGLIEDSCHAFTEN IN BERUFSVEREINIGUNGEN

AMERICAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY (College Park, MD) AMERICAN MATHEMATICAL SOCIETY (Providence, RJ) INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS (Cambridge, MA) ENGLISH INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION (Lund, Schweden) RUSSIAN UNION OF WRITERS (Moskau, Russland) AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE (Washington, DC) EUROPEAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY (Genf, Schweiz) INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICAL UNION (IAS, Princeton)

GELISTET

UNIVERSITÄT MÜNSTER HIGHLY CITED RESEARCHERS WORLD DIRECTORY OF MATHEMATICIANS MARQUES WHO IS WHO IN AMERICA ENCYCLOPEDIA OF MODERN UKRAINE ACADEMIC GENEALOGY OF THEORETICAL PHYSICISTS MATHEMATICS GENEALOGY PROJECT

WISSENSCHAFTLICHE RESULTATE UND INNOVATIVE IDEEN

- A new direction in **supersymmetric models** of elementary particles, based on the inclusion of semigroups is proposed. The concept of *semi-supermanifold* is introduced.
- **Quantum groups**: a generalization of the Hopf algebra is introduced by relaxing the requirement for inverses of the generators of the Cartan subalgebra, which leads to a *regular quasi-R-matrix* structure. The actions of universal enveloping quantum algebras on quantum planes of arbitrary dimension are found.
- **Singular theories** with degenerate Lagrangians are formulated *without* involving constraints. A new partial Hamiltonian formalism is constructed. A new antisymmetric bracket (an analogue of the Poisson bracket) describing the time evolution of singular systems is built.
- **Nonlinear gauge theories**: a generalized approach to nonlinear classical electrodynamics and supersymmetric electrodynamics is suggested, which takes into account all possible types of media and nonlocal effects, and is described in both Lagrangian and *non-Lagrangian* theories.
- Gravity: nonlinear equations for gravito-electromagnetism and an exact form of the Maxwell
 gravitational field equations are obtained. A general approach to describing the interaction of
 multi-gravity models in space-times of arbitrary dimension is formulated. The gauge gravity
 vacuum is investigated in the constraintless Clairaut-type formalism.
- **DNA theory**: a new characteristic of nucleotides, the *determination degree*, which is proportional to the dipole moment, is unveiled. The concept of a *triander* is set up, which leads to a new method of visual analysis and identification of DNA.
- Polyadic structures: *polyadization*, i.e. exchanging binary operations with higher arity ones, is proposed as a general new approach to the algebraic structures used in physics. A polyadic analog of homomorphism, or *heteromorphism*, a mapping between algebraic structures of different arities, is introduced. The *arity invariance principle*, a manifest expression of algebraic structure in terms of operations that does not depend on their arities, is claimed. In the same way, the following new structures are defined: *higher braid groups, higher Coxeter groups*, unusual *polyadic fields and rings* having addition and multiplication of different arities, *polyadic integer numbers, polyadic convolution products* having multiplication and comultiplication of different arities and their corresponding *polyadic Hopf algebra* and *n-ary R-matrix, polyadic multistar adjoints* and *polyadic operator* C* *-algebras.* The *polyadic analog of Fermat's Last Theorem* is formulated. A new class of division algebras, the *hyperpolyadic algebras*, which correspond to the

binary division algebras R, C, H, O (reals, complex, quaternions, octonions) are defined. A *polyadic analog of the Cayley–Dickson construction* is proposed, and a novel iterative process gives "*half-quaternions*" and "*half-octonions*". The sigma matrices and the Pauli group are generalized to higher arities, and a toy model of one-dimensional supersymmetric quantum mechanics, as a first example of *polyadic supersymmetry*, is constructed using them.

 Quantum computing: a new conception of quantum computing which incorporates an additional kind of uncertainty, vagueness/fuzziness, by introducing a new "obscure" class of qudits/qubits, is announced. A superqubit theory in super-Hilbert space is reconsidered, and a new kind of superqubit carrying odd parity is introduced. A new kind of quantum gates, namely higher braiding gates, is suggested, which lead to a special type of multiqubit entanglement that can speed up key distribution and accelerate various algorithms. A novel visualization of quantum walks in terms of newly defined objects, polyanders, is also proposed.

INTERESSEN

- Redakteur und Gutachter bei Wissenschaftszeitschriften
- Schreiben von Gedichten und Kurzgeschichten (14 Bücher; über 200 Veröffentlichungen)
- Gitarre spielen und Lieder komponieren (2 CDs; 1 MC, GEMA)

AZ

Münster, 10. Januar 2024

CURRICULUM VITAE Stepan Douplii

PERSONAL INFORMATION

Passport name: Stepan Douplii Pen/scientific name: Steven Duplij Cyrillic name: Степан Анатольевич Дуплий

Address: Center of Information Technology (CIT) University of Münster 48149 Münster Germany E-mails: douplii@uni-muenster.de sduplij@gmail.com Homepage: https://www.uni-muenster.de/IT.StepanDouplii

PERSONAL INFORMATION

Date and place of birth: August 29, 1954, Chernyshevsk, Russia. Citizenship: Ukraine. Marital status: married, wife is EU citizen. Nonsmoking.

DEGREES

2002 The a	cademic status of Senior Research Fellow is given by Higher Certifying
Com	nission, Kiev, Ukraine
1999 Habi	itation Thesis: "Semigroup Methods in Supersymmetric Theories of Elementary
Particles",	Bogolyubov Institute of Theoretical Physics, Kiev, Ukraine,
	Doctor Habilitatus in Theoretical Physics
(Doctor of Science in Physics and Mathematics)
1983 Ph.E	D. Thesis: "Theoretical Investigation of Hard Processes in QCD";
1978-1982	Post Graduate Course in Theoretical Physics, Kharkov State University;
Ph	D (Candidate of Science in Physics and Mathematics); adviser M.P. Rekalo
EDUCATION	
1994-1995	Special German Language Course, Goethe Institute, Mannheim, Germany;
	Distinguished diploma
107/ 1070	Department of Theoretical Physics, Kharkov State University:

- 1974-1978 Department of Theoretical Physics, Kharkov State University; The Distinguished Diploma in Theoretical Nuclear Physics - M.Sc.
 1972 1976 Special English Lenguage Course, Kharkov State University;
- 1973-1976 Special English Language Course, Kharkov State University; The Distinguished Diploma
- 1971-1973 Department of Theoretical Radiophysics, Kharkov State University



WORK EXPERIENCE

- **2019-now** Scientific Researcher at the Center of Information Technology (CIT), Universität Münster, Münster, Germany
- 2016 Lecturer in Mathematics, Bochum University of Applied Sciences, Germany
- **2014-2016** Scientific Researcher at the Mathematisches Institut, Universität Münster, Münster, Germany
- 2012 Lecturer in Mathematics, Rutgers University, Piscataway, USA
- 2011-2012 Visiting Fulbright Scholar, Rutgers University, USA
- 2000-2014 Lead Senior Staff Researcher at the Nuclear Physics Laboratory, Kharkov National University, Kharkov, Ukraine
- 2000-now CMS collaboration, CERN, Geneva
- **1997-2000** Senior Staff Researcher at the Nuclear Physics Laboratory, Kharkov National University, Kharkov, Ukraine
- **1983-1997** Staff Researcher at the Nuclear Physics Laboratory, Kharkov State University, Kharkov, Ukraine
- **1983-1992** Staff Researcher at the Nuclear Physics Laboratory, Kharkov State University, Kharkov, Ukraine
- **1978-1983** Half-time Researcher at the Radiophysics Laboratory, Kharkov State University, Kharkov, Ukraine

FELLOWSHIPS & GRANTS

- 2015-2016 European Research Council Grant at University of Münster (Host: J. Cuntz)
- 2010 Alexander von Humboldt Fellowship at University of Münster (Host: J. Cuntz)
- 2011-2012 Fulbright Scholar Program at the Rutgers University,
 - Piscataway, USA (Host: G. A. Goldin)
- 2010 Alexander von Humboldt Fellowship at University of Münster (Host: J. Cuntz)
- 2008 Alexander von Humboldt Fellowship at University of Köln (Host: M. Zirnbauer)
- **2007** American Physical Society Travel Grant at John Hopkins University (Host: J. Bagger)
- 2005-2006 Alexander von Humboldt Fellowship, University of Münster (Host: J. Cuntz)
- 2004 Simons Foundation Travel Grant (Stony Brook, USA)
- 2001 Alexander von Humboldt Fellowship at Max-Planck-Institute for Dynamics and Self-Organization, Göttingen (Host: F. Müller-Hoissen)
- 2001 National Natural Science Foundation of China Grant at Zhejiang University, Hangzhou (Host: Fang Li)
- **1994-1997** Alexander von Humboldt Fellowship at the Physics Department, University of Kaiserslautern, Kaiserslautern, Germany (Host: W. Rühl)

SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATIONS

In total: **193** publications, among them 9 books and 184 articles in *Physical Review, Journal of Physics, Communications in Mathematical Physics, Journal of Mathematical Physics, Communications in Algebra, Semigroup Forum, Letters in Mathematical Physics, Theoretical and Mathematical Physics; Journal of Lie Theory, <i>International Journal of Geometric Methods in Modern Physics, Linear Algebra and Applications, etc.* Full lists are on the <u>homepage</u>.

Scientific Books (available on Amazon, Barnes&Noble, etc.):

- 1. S. Duplij, R. Vogl, "Innovative Quantum Computing", IOP Publ., Bristol-London, 2023, 178 pp.
- 2. S. Duplij,"Polyadic Algebraic Structures", IOP Publ., Bristol-London, 2022, 461 pp.
- 3. S. Duplij and M.L. Walker, eds, "Selected Topics in Gravity, Field Theory and Quantum Mechanics", MDPI Books, Basel, 2022, 348 pp.
- 4. S. Duplij, "*Exotic Algebraic and Geometric Structures in Theoretical Physics*", Nova Publishers, New York, 2018, 410 pp.
- 5. S. Duplij, "Supersymmetry, Quantum Groups, Multigravity and Singulaer Theories", Central West Publ., Australia, 2018, 254 pp.
- 6. S. Duplij, W. Siegel, and J. Bagger, eds., "Concise Encyclopedia of Supersymmetry And Noncommutative Structures In Mathematics And Physics", Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht-Boston-London, 2004, 584 pp. (Second printing, Springer Science and Business Media, Berlin- New York-Heidelberg, 2005).
- 7. S. Duplij and J. Wess, eds., "*Noncommutative Structures in Mathematics and Physics*", Kluwer, Dordrecht, 2001, 493 pp.
- 8. S. Duplij and V. G. Zima, eds., "Supersymmetric Structures in Mathematics and Physics", UkrINTI, Kiev, 2000, 262 pp.
- 9. S. Duplij "Semisupermanifolds and Semigroups", Kharkov: Krok, 2000, 220 pp. (Second Print by CreateSpace Publ.: Charleston, 2013).

EDITOR EXPERIENCE

1999-2013 Editor of *Kharkov National University Journal* (Vestnik KSU), ser. Nuclei, Particles and Fields
2013-now Editor of *East European Journal of Physics*2018 Invited Editor at *World Scientific Publishing Co*

Reviewing:

1998-now Zentralblatt Mathematik, Karlsruhe-Berlin, Germany **2005-now** Journal of Zhejiang University. Science, Hangzhou, China **2007-now** AIP, Melville, USA 2010-now Reports of Mathematical Physics, Warsaw, Poland
2012-now Advances in Mathematical Physics, New York, USA
2016-now Modern Physics Letters A, World Scientific, Singapore
2017-now International Journal of Modern Physics B, World Scientific, Singapore
2014-now Advances in Applied Clifford Algebras, Springer, Heidelberg, Germany
2015-now Hindawi Publishing Co., London, UK
2018-now Symmetry, Basel, Switzerland

LECTURE COURSES

Calculus Elementary Particle Physics Quantum chromodynamics Unified theories Supersymmetry and supergravity

SUPERVISION

5 students received Distinguished M.Sc. Degree in Theoretical Physics 4 PhD students

PROFESSIONAL MEMBERSHIPS

2014 RUSSIAN UNION OF WRITERS (Moscow, Russia)
2008 AMERICAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY (College Park, MD)
2002 ALEXANDER VON HUMBOLDT CLUB Ukraine
1995 AMERICAN MATHEMATICAL SOCIETY (Providence, RJ)
1994 INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS (Cambridge, MA)
1993 ENGLISH INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION (Lund, Sweden)
1993 AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE (Washington, DC)
1992 EUROPEAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY (Geneva, Switzerland)
1999 INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICAL UNION (IAS, Princeton)

LISTED

World Directory Of Mathematicians Marques Who Is Who In America Encyclopedia of Modern Ukraine Mathematical Portal (Math-Net) MathSciNet (American Mathematical Society) Academic Genealogy of Theoretical Physicists Mathematics Genealogy Project Wikipedia (UA) Google Scholar Microsoft Academics Scopus Semantic Scholar MathSciNet (Author) MathNet ZMath ORCID Scopus SciProfiles

CONFERENCE ORGANIZING

2017 December Workshop Supergeometry And Applications (Luxembourg), as a member of Advisory Board
2005 June-International Workshop "Pseudo-Hermitian Hamiltonians in Quantum Physics", as a member of Advisory Board
2000 September-NATO Advanced Research Workshop "Noncommutative Structures in Mathematics and Physics", as a Partner Country Co-Director (NATO Co-Director: Julius Wess)

CONFERENCE PARTICIPATION

Participated at numerous international conferences, workshops, schools and seminars in USA, Germany, France, UK, Poland, Spain, Czech Republic, Russia, China, Ukraine. **2017** December Workshop Supergeometry And Applications (Luxembourg) 2016 January Workshop Banach Methods In Noncommutative Geometry (Münster, Germany) 2015 April Workshop Structure And Classification Of C*-Algebras (Münster, Germany) **2015** April Workshop *Structure And Classification Of C*-Algebras* (Münster, Germany) 2014 May Workshop Quantum groups and operator algebras (Münster, Germany) 2011 August 3rd International Conference Quantum Electrodynamics And Statistical *Physics* (Kharkov, Ukraine) 2010 June 26th Workshop Foundations And Constructive Aspects Of QFT (Münster, Germany) 2010 May Analytic And Algebraic Methods In Physics VI (Prague, Czech Republic) 2009 October Algebra, Geometry, And Mathematical Physics (Bedlewo, Poland) 2009 September The Fourth International Conference On p-Adic Mathematical Physics (Hrodna, Belarus) 2009 June Symmetry In Nonlinear Mathematical Physics (Kiev, Ukraine) 2009 May Analytic And Algebraic Methods V (Prague, Czech Republic)

2008 December 100th *Statistical Mechanics* Conference (Rutgers, USA) 2008 July Summer School And Conference On Modern Mathematical Physics (Belgrade, Serbia) 2007 May 97th Statistical Mechanics Conference (Rutgers, USA) 2004 July-August Simons Workshop In Mathematics And Physics (Stony Brook, USA) 2001 July XV Max Born Symposium Schroedinger Operators, Random Potentials And Singular Perturbations (Wroclaw, Poland) 2000 July International Conference On Supersymmetry And Quantum Field Theory 75th Birthday of D. V. Volkov (Kharkov, Ukraine) 1999 July International Conference On Supersymmetry And Quantum Symmetries in the memory of V. I. Ogievetsky (Dubna, Russia) 1999 July International Conference Strings-99 (Potsdam, Germany) 1999 August International Conference On Quantum Gravity And Superstrings (Dubna, Russia) 1998 August International Congress Of Mathematicians (Berlin, Germany) 1997 January International Seminar On Supersymmetry And Quantum Field Theory in memory of D. V. Volkov (Kharkov, Ukraine) 1996 June Supersymmetry-96 (College Park, MD, USA) 1996 June International Conference On Higher Homotopy Structures In Mathematical Physics (Poughkeepsie,NY) 1995 June Cracow School Of Theoretical Physics (Zakopane, Poland) 1995 July International Conference On Gauge Theories, Applied Supersymmetry And Quantum Gravity (Leuven, Belgium) 1995 July European School Of Group Theory (Valladolid, Spain) 1994 July International Congress On Mathematical Physics (Paris) 1993 June First Carribean Spring School Of Mathematics And Theoretical Physics (Saint-Francois, Guadeloupe)

VISITS & TALKS (outside FSU)

2019

Heidelberg, Germany (Inst. Theor. Phys.)-*G. Wolschin*Szczecin, Poland (Inst. Phys.)-*M. Dabrowski*Wroclaw, Poland (Inst. Theor. Phys.)-*B. Jancewicz*2018
Tianjin, China (Chern Inst. Math.)-*Chi-Keung Ng*Harbin, China (Harbin Eng. Univ.)-*Qiang Guo, Zheng Yu*2017
Luxembourg (Math. Research Unit)-*N. Poncin*2016
Jena, Germany (Inst. Math.)-*D. Lenz*2014
Münster, Germany (Inst. Math.)-*J. Cuntz, W. Werner, R. Wulkenhaar*

Salerno, Italy (Univ. Salerno, Math. Dept.)-C. Delizia

2012

Davis, USA (UC, Math. Dept.)-M. Mulase, A. Schwarz Riverside, USA (UC, Math. Dept.)-M.Lapidus Honolulu, USA (Univ. Hawaii, Phys. Dept.)-X. Tata Syracuse, USA (Univ. Syracuse, Phys. Dept.)-K. Wali Medford, USA (Tufts Univ., Inst. Cosmology)-A. Vilenkin Boston, USA (Northeastern Univ., Math. Dept.)-A. Martsinkovsky Hangzhou, China (Zheijang Univ., Math. Dept.)-Fang Li Nanchang, China (Nanchang Univ.)-Jiejing Cheng 2011 Chicago, USA (UIC, Math. Dept.)-L. Kauffman Minneapolis, USA (Univ. Minnesota, Phys. Dept.)-M. Shifman Philadelphia, USA (Univ. Penn., Math. Dept.)-J. Stasheff Piscataway, USA (Rutgers Univ., Math. Dept.)-G.A. Goldin Argonne, USA (ANL, HEP Division)-C. Zachos New York, USA (CUNY Graduate Center, Math. Dept.)-A. Douglas 2010 Münster, Germany (WWU, Inst. Math.)-J. Cuntz, W. Werner, Heidelberg, Germany (Inst. Theor. Phys.)-G. Wolschin, J. Kupsch, Wien, Austria (ESI, Univ. Wien)-H. Grosse, Prague, Czech. Rep. (Inst. Nucl. Phys., Rez)-M. Znojil, Wien, Austria (TUW, Inst. Theor. Phys.)-D. Grumiller, Padova, Italy (Inst. Nucl. Phys.)-M. Tonin, Naples, Italy (Inst. Phys.)-G. Esposito, Florence, Italy (Inst. Nucl. Phys.)-R. Casalbuoni, L. Lusanna, Rome, Italy (Inst. Theor. Phys.)-M. Bianchi 2009 Warsaw, Poland (Inst. Math.)-S. Woronowicz, P. Urbanski, Lodz, Poland (Univ. Lodz, Dept. Theor. Phys.)-B. Broda, Wroclaw, Poland (Inst. Theor. Phys.)-J. Lukierski, Zielona Gora, Poland (Inst. Phys.)-M. Dudek, Szczecin, Poland (Inst. Phys.)-M. Dabrowski, Krakow, Poland (Inst. Phys.)-H. Arodz, Prague, Czech. Rep. (Inst. Math.)-B. Burgstaller Potsdam, Germany (AEI) Dresden, Germany (Forsch. Zentrum Dresden-Rossendorf)-U. Günther 2008 Piscataway, USA (Rutgers Univ., Math. Dept.)-G. Goldin, Medford, USA (Tufts Univ., Inst. Cosmology)-A. Vilenkin, Cambridge, USA (MIT)-E. Lomon,

New York, USA (CUNY)-S. Catto,

Köln, Germany (Inst. Theor. Phys.)-M. Zirnbauer, Belgrade, Serbia (Inst. Phys.)-B. Dragovich, Nic, Serbia (Inst. Phys.)-M. Ciric, Trieste, Italy (SISSA)-L. Bonora, Bielefeld, Germany (Univ. Bielefeld, Math. Dept.)-C. Ringel, Bonn, Germany (Phys. Inst.)-V. Rittenberg 2007 Princeton, USA (Inst. Adv. Study)-S. Adler, Chicago, USA (Univ. Illinois, Math. Dept.)-L. Kauffman, Medford, USA (Tufts Univ., Inst. Cosmology)-A. Vilenkin, Cambridge, USA (MIT)-E. Lomon, Baltimore, USA (Johns Hopkins, Univ., Phys. Dept.)-J. Bagger, Philadelphia, USA (Univ. Penn., Math. Dept.)-J. Stasheff 2006 Münster, Germany (Inst. Math.)-J. Cuntz, Bielefeld, Germany (Univ. Bielefeld, Math. Dept.)-C. Ringel 2004 Princeton, USA (Inst. Adv. Study)-S. Adler, Baltimore, USA (Johns Hopkins, Univ., Phys. Dept.)-J. Bagger, Stony Brook, USA (SUNY, Inst. Theor. Phys.)-W. Siegel, Minneapolis, USA (Univ. Minnesota, Theor. Phys. Inst.)-M. Shifman, Krakow, Poland (Jagellonian Univ.) 2003 Wroclaw, Poland (Inst. Theor. Phys.)-W. Marcinek, J. Lukierski 2001 Göttingen, Germany (ISF, Inst. Theor. Phys.)-F.Müller-Hoissen, Hangzhou, China (Zhejiang Univ., Math. Dept.)-F. Li, Shanghai, China (Inst. Phys.)-Y.-L. Xu, Wroclaw, Poland (Inst. Theor. Phys.)-W. Marcinek, , J. Lukierski Prague, Czech. Rep. (CTU, Math. Dept.)-C. Burdik Rez, Czech. Rep. (Inst. Nucl. Phys.)-M. Znojil, Mannheim, Germany (Univ. Mannheim, Math. Dept.)-M.Schlichenmaier 2000 Warsaw, Poland (Inst. Math.)-J. Okninski, Wroclaw, Poland (Inst. Theor. Phys.) -W. Marcinek, J. Lukierski **1999** Potsdam, Germany (AI) 1998 Berlin, Germany (Hahn-Meitner-Inst., HZ)-W. Von Oertzen, Berlin, Germany (Tech. Univ.), Krakow, Poland (Inst. Nucl. Phys.) 1994 St.Andrews, UK (Univ. St.Andrews, Math. Dept.)-J. Howie Orsay, France (Inst. Nucl. Phys.)-A. Comtet

1993-1996

Kaiserslautern, Germany (Univ. Kaiserslautern, Phys. Dept.)-*W.Rühl* **1993** München, Germany (Max-Planck-Inst. Physik)-*J.Wess,* Lyon, France (Inst. Phys.)

RESEARCH INTERESTS

Supersymmetry and semigroups; supermatrix models; superconformal symmetry; super Riemann surfaces; exotic supermanifolds; supersymmetric quantum mechanics. **Quantum groups** and supergroups; weak Hopf algebras and Yang-Baxter equation; representations of quantized algebras, new actions of quantum algebras on quantum spaces.

Quantum computing and quantum information.

Polyadic algebraic structures, algebras, groups, fields, and their representations. **Nonlinear methods** in (super)electrodynamics, Yang-Mills, gravity and multigravity. **Constrained systems and gauge theories**, quantum chromodynamics and gravity. **Exactly solvable quantum field theory models**, matrix models, numerical methods.

Secondary:

Symmetries of genetic code and visualization of DNA sequences; Helicity formalism in quantum chromodynamics; Polarization phenomena in low energy nuclear physics; Rutherford backscattering method in ion implantation; Nonstationary radio noise.

SCIENTIFIC RESULTS AND INNOVATIVE IDEAS

with direct links to articles

A new direction in supersymmetric models of elementary particles, based on the inclusion of semigroups is proposed (book, thesis). The concept of semisupermanifold having noninvertible transition functions (satisfying higher von Neumann regularity) is introduced, and its deviation from being an ordinary manifold is given by a newly defined variable, obstructedness. Based on this idea, the novel notions of category regularization, regular topos, regular functor, higher regular braiding, regular Yang-Baxter equation and regular module, regular algebra and coalgebra, regular graded algebras are presented, and their role in topological quantum field theory is outlined. Even- and odd-reduced supermatrices are introduced and considered on a par, being complementary in terms of the newely obtained Berezinian addition formula, and are unified into a kind of "sandwich" semigroup. A special subset of odd-reduced supermatrices represent higher order rectangular bands for which new generalized "fine" Green's relations and egg-box diagrams are constructed.

One-parameter semigroups of idempotent odd-reduced supermatrices and corresponding superoperator semigroups are introduced and studied by the new semigroup × semigroup method. The linear idempotent superoperators and exponential superoperators are mutually dual in some sense, and the first gives rise to an additional noninvertible *non-exponential solutions to the initial Cauchy problem*. A novel *permanent-determinant symmetry* is found for even complex superplane. It is shown that the corresponding counterparts (per analogs) of the cross ratio, distance and harmonic set are invariant under the introduced *per mapping*, a special noninvertible subset of the fractional linear transformation. The per analogs of the *Laguerre formula* for distance and Schwarzian derivative are presented. An additional superextension of *complex structure* is uncovered, which is noninvertible and can correspond to another (odd) superanalog of Riemann surfaces and to the counterpart of *superconformal-like* transformations which twist the parity of tangent space and their nonlinear realization, which together with the ordinary ones form the *superconformal semigroup* having special unusual properties. A unique formula connecting berezinian, permanent and determinant is obtained. From a physical viewpoint, the above conceptions can lead to semistatistics, being von Neumann regular analog of the ordinary statistics.

- Quantum groups: a generalization of the Hopf algebra is introduced by relaxing the requirement for inverses of the generators of the Cartan subalgebra, which leads to a *regular quasi-R-matrix* structure. The classification of 6-vertex *constant solutions to Yang-Baxter equation over Grassmann algebra* is presented, including noninvertible ones which correspond to *von Neumann regular R-matrix*. The *actions of universal enveloping quantum algebras* on quantum planes (also of *arbitrary dimension*) are found. A novel *double-graded quantum superplane* and corresponding *double-graded Hopf algebra* are presented.
- Singular theories with degenerate Lagrangians are formulated <u>without involving</u> <u>constraints</u> using Clairaut equation theory and the corresponding generalized <u>Clairaut</u> <u>duality</u>. A new <u>antisymmetric bracket</u> (an analogue of the Poisson bracket) describing the time evolution of singular systems is built. A novel <u>partial Hamiltonian formalism</u> is constructed. It is shown that a <u>singular theory can be interpreted as the multi-time</u> <u>dynamics</u>.
- Nonlinear gauge theories: a generalized approach to nonlinear classical electrodynamics and supersymmetric electrodynamics is suggested, which takes into account all possible types of media and nonlocal effects, and is described in both Lagrangian and <u>non-Lagrangian</u> theories. First steps in the formulation of a general <u>nonlinear conformalinvariant electrodynamics</u> based on <u>nonlinear constitutive equations and conformal</u> <u>compactification</u> were made.
- Gravity: constitutive equations for <u>nonlinear gravito-electromagnetism</u> and an exact form of the Maxwell gravitational field equations are obtained. A general approach to describing the <u>interaction of multi-gravity models</u> in space-times of arbitrary dimension is formulated.

The gauge gravity vacuum is investigated in the <u>constraintless Clairaut-type formalism</u> (as in <u>QCD</u>). A special <u>fermionic lineal gravity</u> model which differs from standard supersymmetry is presented.

- Quantum computing (book IOP, FrontMatter): a new conception of quantum computing which incorporates an additional kind of uncertainty, vagueness/fuzziness, by introducing a new <u>"obscure" class of qudits/qubits</u>, is announced. A superqubit theory in super-Hilbert space is reconsidered, and a new kind of <u>superqubit carrying odd parity</u> is introduced. A new kind of quantum gates, namely <u>higher braiding gates</u>, is suggested, which lead to a special type of multiqubit entanglement that can speed up key distribution and accelerate various algorithms. A novel visualization of quantum walks in terms of newly defined objects, <u>polyanders</u>, is also proposed.
- Polyadic structures (book IOP, FrontMatter): polyadization, i.e. exchanging binary operations with higher arity ones, is proposed as a general new approach to the algebraic structures used in physics. A new form of the Hosszu-Gluskin theorem (giving the general shape of *n*-ary multiplication by the chain formula) in terms of polyadic powers is given, and its <u>"q-deformed" generalization</u> is found using the newly introduced quasi-endomorphism. A polyadic analog of homomorphism, or heteromorphism, a mapping between algebraic structures of different arities, is introduced, which leads to the definition of a new kind of *n*-ary group representation, <u>multiplace representations, as well as multiactions</u> and a <u>polyadic direct product</u>.

The <u>arity invariance principle</u>, a manifest expression of algebraic structure in terms of operations independent of their arities, is claimed. The relations of the von Neumann regular semigroups and the Artin braid group were found, and a higher arity generalization gave the *polyadic-binary correspondence*, which allowed the definition of the following new structures: <u>higher braid groups</u>, <u>higher degree analogs of Coxeter</u> <u>group and Artin braid group</u>. The following were also uncovered: unusual *polyadic rings* and fields (which can, remarkably, be zeroless and nonunital) having addition and multiplication of different arities, <u>polyadic integer numbers</u> and <u>p-adic integers</u>, polyadic convolution products having multiplication and comultiplication of different arities and their corresponding <u>polyadic Hopf algebra</u> and n-ary R-matrix, polyadic multistar adjoints and <u>polyadic operator C*-algebras and Cuntz algebras</u>. The <u>polyadic analogs of the</u> <u>Lander–Parkin–Selfridge conjecture and Fermat's Last Theorem</u> were formulated.

It is proposed that mediality as a principle is more natural, unique and universal than commutativity in generalizing the latter to *n*-ary algebras (in the binary case commutativity directly follows from mediality). This is called the <u>commutativity-to-</u> <u>mediality ansatz</u>, which is <u>applied</u> to obtain <u>almost medial n-ary graded algebras</u>, a new kind of tensor categories, <u>polyadic nonunital "groupal" categories</u> with "quertors" (analogs of querelements in *n*-ary groups), "medialed" tensor categories and *querfunctors*. A principally new mechanism of additional "continuous noncommutativity", governed by a special <u>"membership deformation" of commutativity</u> for algebras with the underlying set as obscure/fuzzy set, is introduced. Using the membership deformation factor together with the ordinary graded commutation factor, the almost commutative graded (*n*-ary) algebras and Lie algebras with <u>double commutativity</u> are obtained, and their projective representations are studied.

As a first step towards a the *polyadic algebraic K-theory*, the <u>Grothendieck construction</u> of the completion group for a monoid is generalized to the case, where both are of different, higher arities. As opposed to the binary case, an identity is not necessary for the initial *m*-ary semigroup to obtain a class *n*-ary group, which in turn need not contain an identity.

A new (infinite) class of division algebras, the <u>hyperpolyadic algebras</u>, which correspond to the (only 4) binary division algebras R, C, H, O (reals, complex numbers, quaternions, octonions) are defined. A <u>polyadic analog of the Cayley-Dickson</u> <u>construction</u> is proposed, and a novel iterative process gives "half-quaternions" and "half-octonions". <u>New polyadic algebras with higher brackets</u> which have (as opposed to *n*-ary Lie algebras) different arity from the initial *n*-ary algebra multiplication, are introduced. The sigma matrices and the Pauli group are generalized to higher arities. Using them, a toy model of one-dimensional supersymmetric quantum mechanics was constructed, as a first example of <u>polyadic supersymmetry</u>, which is specially extended in a way different from the <u>new multigraded SQM</u> previously proposed.

DNA theory: a new characteristic of nucleotides, the <u>determinative degree</u>, which is
proportional to the dipole moment and the weight of hydration site, is unveiled. The
physical characteristics of nucleotides such as <u>dipole moment</u>, <u>heat of formation and
energy of the most stable formation</u> are newly computed by advanced methods. The
concept of a <u>triander</u> is set up, which leads to a new method of visual sequence analysis
and identification using <u>DNA walk diagrams</u>.

SPECIAL SKILLS

Languages: English (perfect), German (speaking), Russian (native), Ukrainian (native), Italian (basic).
Programming: Perl, Mathematica, Maple, LaTeX, BibTeX, HTML.
PC platforms: MS-DOS, Windows, Unix, Linux.
PC software: Scientific Work Place, dBase, Adobe products, Microsoft Excel, Word, Photoshop, Dreamweaver, PowerPoint.

MASS MEDIA & SOCIAL LIFE

TV programs and interviews at the Kharkov TV studios. Scientific program "Logos" (interviews at the Central Kharkov radio station). Articles about S. Duplij: in USA (SCOOP USA, Gazette, Library of Congress); in Germany, in Ukrainian press. Alexander von Humboldt Fellows meetings/workshops.

LITERARY & MUSICAL ACTIVITY

Writing poetry and short stories

More than <u>200 publications</u> in USA/UK professional literary magazines in English, German, French, Spanish, etc. (the full list is on homepage).

Literary books (available on <u>Amazon</u>, Barnes&Noble, etc.):

- 1. S. Duplij, "*Poephysics of Spirit*" (prose, bilingual English/Russian), 2024 Woodbridge Press, Toronto, 372 pp.
- 2. S. Duplij, "*Poetification of the Soul*" (poems in English), 2024 Woodbridge Press, Toronto, 168 pp.
- 3. S. Duplij, "*Poephysik der Seele*" (prose in German), 2023 Woodbridge Press, Toronto, 268 pp.
- 4. S. Duplij, "*Symmetry of Passion*" (U.S. Edition, full collection of poems and translations, in Russian) 2022, Cross-Cultural Communications, New York, 500 pp.
- 5. S. Duplij, "*Bosonization of Feelings*" (poems and prose in Russian), 2019 Central West Publ., Australia, 232 pp.
- 6. S. Duplij, "*Supermanifold of Life*" (poems and prose in 9 languages), 2014 Trilingual Press, Cambridge, USA, 222 pp.
- 7. S. Duplij, "*Dash-Dotted*" (poems, bilingual English/Russian), 2014 Trilingual Press, Cambridge, USA, 356 pp.
- 8. S. Duplij, "*In Cry*" (poems, bilingual English/Russian), 1999 Mitez, Kharkov, Ukraine, 72 pp.
- 9. S. Duplij, "Angel" (poems in English), 1997 JVC Books, Arcadia FL, USA, 125 pp.

Playing guitar and composing songs

CD audio albums of songs (for mp3's see <u>Music Site</u> on <u>homepage old</u>): "Blitz" (Heidelberg, 1995) "Motifs of years" (Heidelberg, 1996) "Supermanifold of life" (Houston, 2007) MC audio album of songs: "Blitz" (GEMA, Berlin, 1996)